

Domain/Range Worksheet

State the domain for each of the following. Write answers in interval notation.

1.  $y = \frac{x+2}{x^2-3x+2}$

2.  $y = \frac{1}{x-3}$

3.  $y = \frac{1}{x^2-5x+6}$

4.  $f(x) = \sqrt{(x-1)(x+2)}$

5.  $f(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2-4}}$

6.  $g(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x+1}}$

State the range for each of the following. Write answers in interval notation.

7.  $f(x) = -\sqrt{x+2}$

8.  $f(x) = |x+3|$

9.  $f(x) = |x|+3$

State the domain and the range for each of the following. Write answers in interval notation.

10.  $y = \frac{1}{x-11}$

11.  $y = \sqrt{3-x}$

12.  $y = \sqrt{x^2-5x-14}$

13.  $h(x) = \sqrt{2x-7}$

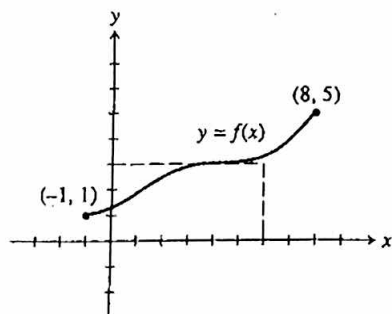
14.  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$

15.  $f(x) = x^3$

In Exercises 11 and 12, interpret the graph.

\*11. Use the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

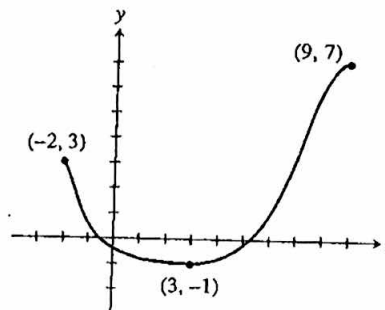
- a.  $f(8) = ?$
- b.  $f(-1) = ?$
- c. The domain of  $f$  is ?
- d. The range of  $f$  is ?
- e. If  $f(a) = 3$ , then  $a = ?$



For Exercise 11

\*12. Use the graph of  $y = g(x)$ .

- a.  $g(3) = ?$
- b.  $g(-2) = ?$
- c. The domain of  $g$  is ?
- d. The range of  $g$  is ?
- e. If  $g(a) = 3$ , explain why you cannot conclude that  $a = -2$ .



For Exercise 12

State the domain of each function in interval notation. Also state the range for items 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6.

1.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x - 8}$

2.  $f(x) = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$

3.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 6}$

4.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x + 2}$

5.  $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 5x - 14}$

6.  $f(x) = 4^x$

7.  $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1}$

Use the graph at the right for items 8 – 12.

8. Find  $f(2)$ .

9. Find  $a$  if  $f(a) = 5$ .

10. Find  $f(0)$ .

11. Write the domain in interval notation.

12. Write the range in interval notation.

